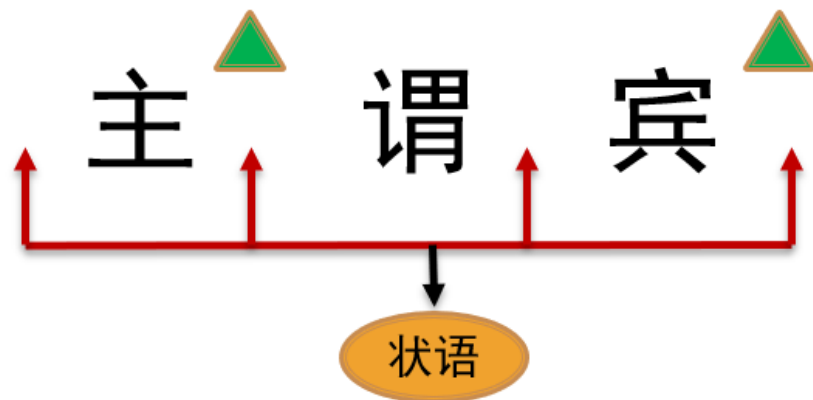



《万能公式破解一切长难句》

《万能公式破解一切长难句》



定语 =  = “左二右六” 原则

状语 = {
1. 悬挂结构
2. 状语从句
3. 介词短语
4. 副词

“选壮姐夫”

1. From these studies, researchers want to find out how many bears live in New Jersey, how long they live, and how many babies they produce.

结构分析：

~~From these studies~~, researchers want to find out how many bears live in New Jersey, how long they live, and how many babies they produce.

主干：

(researchers) (want to find out) (A, B, and C). (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

从这些研究中，研究人员想知道有多少熊生活在新泽西州，它们能活多久，它们能生多少崽。

2. Now Jason still faces many hardships in life, but he will make you believe that you can do what he has done.

结构分析：

Now Jason still faces many hardships ~~in life~~, but he will make you believe that you can do what he has done.

主干：

(Jason) (faces) (many hardships) (主+谓+宾)

(he) (will make) (you) (believe A) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

现在杰森在生活中仍然面临许多困难，但他会让你相信你可以做他所做的。

3. A recent report shows that about 80% of diseases in developing countries are caused by poor water and low sanitation conditions.

结构分析：

A recent report shows that about 80% of diseases **in developing countries** are
caused by poor water and low sanitation conditions.

主干：

(A recent report) (shows) (A). (主+谓+宾)

(about 80% of diseases) (are caused). (主+谓)

参考译文：

最近的一份报告显示，发展中国家约80%的疾病是由水质差和卫生条件差造成的。

4. So many bad things have happened, but I think my worst moment was when I read my first bad review in the newspaper.

结构分析：

So many bad things have happened, but I think my worst moment was when I read my first bad review in the newspaper.

主干：

(so many bad things) (have happened) (主+谓)

(I) (think) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(my worst moment) (was) (B) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

发生了那么多不好的事情，但我认为我最糟糕的时刻是当我在报纸上读到我的第一条不好的评论。

5. But scientists warn us that if we share personal information on the Internet it could get into the wrong hands.

结构分析：

But scientists warn us that if we share personal information on the Internet it could get into the wrong hands.

主干：

(scientists) (warn) (us) (A). (主+谓+宾+宾)

参考译文：

但科学家警告我们，如果我们在互联网上分享个人信息，可能会落入坏人之手。

6. What I wonder is why something even without legs causes such great fear.

结构分析：

What I wonder is why something even^{without legs} causes such great fear.

主干：

(A) (is) (B) . (主+系+表)

参考译文：

我想知道的是为什么没有腿的东西会引起如此大的恐惧。

7. The best way to collect is to have a special album to put your collection in and to write what each thing means to you.

结构分析：

The best way ^{to collect} is to have a special album ^{to put your collection in and to write what each thing means to you.}

主干：

(The best way) (is) (to have a special album) . (主+系+表)

注意：to put...to you 既可以看作to do结构的右六原则，也可以看作是目的状语

参考译文：

收集的最好方法是有一个特别的相册，把你的收藏放在里面，写下每件事对你来说意味着什么。

8. Parents say that they make their kids do housework to teach them responsibility.

结构分析：

Parents say that they make their kids do housework to teach them responsibility.

主干：

(Parents) (say) (A) . (主+谓+宾)

(they) (make) (their kids) (do housework) . (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

父母们说他们让孩子做家务是为了教会他们承担责任。

9. We must tell more people how important rainforests are so that they will stop doing harm to them.

结构分析：

We must tell more people how important rainforests are ~~so that they will stop doing harm to them.~~

主干：

(We) (must tell) (more people) (A) . (主+谓+宾+宾)

(they) (will stop) (doing harm to them) . (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

我们必须告诉更多的人热带雨林有多重要，这样他们就不会再伤害热带雨林了。

10. Do you know that in some parts of the world, people build temporary hotels made of snow and blocks of ice?

结构分析：

Do you know that in some parts of the world, people build temporary hotels
made of snow and blocks of ice?

主干：

(you) (know) (A) . (主+谓+宾)

(people) (build) (temporary hotels) . (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

你知道在世界上的一些地方，人们用雪和冰块建造临时旅馆吗？

11. The building has nothing to do with what it used to be, or even with a medieval castle.

结构分析：

The building has nothing to do with what it used to be, or ~~even~~ with a medieval castle.

主干：

(The building) (has nothing to do with) (A or a medieval castle) .

(主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

这座建筑与它过去的样子没有任何关系，甚至与一座中世纪的城堡也没有关系。

12. Sometimes we think we can avoid trouble by making excuses when we do something wrong, but we're really making the bigger.

结构分析：

Sometimes we think we can avoid trouble by making excuses when we do something wrong, but we're really making the bigger.

主干：

(we) (think) (A) but (we) (are making) (the bigger) . (主+谓+宾 but 主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

有时候我们认为当我们做错事的时候我们可以通过找借口来避免麻烦，但实际上我们会惹来更大的麻烦。

13. I noticed that she was digging lots of holes and bringing out the apples buried beneath the snow.

结构分析：

I noticed that she was digging lots of holes and bringing out the apples ^{buried} beneath the snow.

主干：

(I) (noticed) (A). (主+谓+宾)

(she) (was digging) (lots of holes) and (bringing out) (the apples) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

我注意到她正在挖很多洞并且把埋在雪下的苹果拿出来。

14. He often drew pictures on the floor with a chalk and when his mother saw what he had done, she would quickly clean them with a mop.

结构分析：

~~He often drew pictures on the floor with a chalk and when his mother saw what he had done, she would quickly clean them with a mop.~~

主干：

(He) (drew) (pictures) and (she) (would clean) (them) . (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

他经常用粉笔在地板上画画，当他的母亲看到他画的画，她会很快用拖把把他们擦干净。

15. The drunk man asked the police if they knew where Mabel was as he was put into the back seat of the police car.

结构分析：

The drunk man asked the police if they knew where Mabel was as he was put into the back seat of the police car.

主干：

(The drunk man) (asked) (the police) (A).（主+谓+宾+宾）

参考译文：

醉汉问警察当他被放进警车的后排座椅上时，他们是否知道Mabel在哪。

16. Sometimes people come into your life and you know that they are there to teach you a lesson, or to help you understand who you are or who you want to become.

结构分析：

Sometimes people come ~~into your life~~ and you know that they are there to teach you a lesson, or to help you understand who you are or who you want to become.

主干：

(people) (come) and (you) (know) (A). (主+谓 and 主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

有时候，有人走进你的生活，你知道他们来这就是为了给你上一课，或者帮助你了解你是谁，或者你想成为什么样的人。

17. The measure of a man's real character is what he would do if he knew he would never be found out.

结构分析：

The measure **of a man's real character** is what he would do if he knew he would never be found out.

主干：

(The measure) (is) (A). (主+系+表)

参考译文：

衡量一个人真正的品质，要看他在知道永远不会被人发现的情况下会做些什么。

18. This means that your money will go to local people, rather than to a large international company.

结构分析：

This means that your money will go to local people, rather than to a large international company.

主干：

(This) (means) (A). (主+系+表)

参考译文：

这意味着你的钱将流向当地人，而不是一家大型国际公司。

19. People should protect trees, or they will find that they have lost the best friends they had in the end.

结构分析：

People should protect trees, or they will find that they have lost the best friends ^{they had} in the end.

主干：

(people) (should protect) (trees). (主+谓+宾)

(they) (will find) (A). (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

人们应该保护树木，否则他们最终会发现他们失去了最好的朋友。

20. Students learn how to make a camp in this forest, which wild food they can eat and how to find their way back to the center.

结构分析：

Students learn how to make a camp in this forest, which wild food they can eat and how to find their way ^{back to the center}.

主干：

(Students) (learn) (A, B and C). (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

学生们学习如何在这片森林里扎营，他们可以吃什么野生食物，以及如何找到返回中心的路。

21. If you want your parents to lose weight, you'd better find out the disadvantage of being heavy and how great they will feel after eating healthy food or exercising more.

结构分析：

~~If you want your parents to lose weight~~, you'd better find out the disadvantage ^{of being heavy} and how great they will feel after eating healthy food or exercising more.

主干：

(you) (had better find out) (the disadvantage and A). (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

如果你想让你的父母减肥，你最好找出超重的缺点，以及他们在吃了健康的食物或多锻炼后他们的感觉有多棒。

22. This is why students are always advised to go over what they have learnt after one day and then after three days, and then use it as regularly as possible.

结构分析：

This is why students are always advised to go over what they have learnt after one day and then after three days, and then use it as regularly as possible.

主干：

(This) (is) (A). (主+系+表)

(students) (are advised to go over) (B) and (use) (it). (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

这就是为什么学生们总是被建议在一天之后、三天之后复习他们学过的东西，然后尽可能经常地使用它。

23. If you have this experience, you will know how time flies when you are having fun and drags when you are bored.

结构分析：

~~If you have this experience~~, you will know how time flies when you are having fun and drags when you are bored.

主干：

(you) (will know) (A). (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

如果你有这样的经历，你就会知道当你玩得开心的时候时间过得多么快，当你感到无聊的时候时间过得多么慢。

24. What I really needed to learn at school was how to make polite conversations, or how to avoid getting into debt or how to develop good personality.

结构分析：

What I really needed to learn at school was how to make polite conversations, or how to avoid getting into debt or how to develop good personality.

主干：

(A) (was) (B or C or D). (主+系+表)

参考译文：

我在学校真正需要学习的是如何进行礼貌的交谈，或者如何避免陷入债务或者如何培养良好的性格。

25. A recent study found that drivers talking on mobile phones were less able to control their cars than drunk drivers.

结构分析：

A recent study found that drivers **talking on mobile phones** were less able to control their cars than drunk drivers.

主干：

(A recent study) (found) (A). (主+谓+宾)

(drivers) (were less able to control) (their cars). (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

最近的一项研究发现，开车打电话的人比酒后开车的人更难控制自己的车。

26. We begin to believe that the only way we can be special is by being better than someone else, but we are often disappointed.

结构分析：

We begin to believe that the only way **we can be special** is by being better than someone else, but we are often disappointed.

主干：

(We) (begin to believe) (A). (主+谓+宾)

(the only way) (is) (by being better) (主+系+表)

(we) (are)(disappointed). (主+系+表)

参考译文：

我们开始相信我们能变得特别的唯一方法就是比别人更好，但我们经常感到失望。

27. Most people hope to have a memory which helps them succeed in study, work and life.

结构分析：

Most people hope to have a memory **which helps them succeed in study, work and life.**

主干：

(Most people) (hope to have) (a memory) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

大多数人希望有一个帮助他们在学习、工作和生活中成功的记忆力。

28. In the waters, you can meet all kinds of colorful fish and many other living things that you can't name.

结构分析：

~~In the waters,~~ you can meet all kinds of colorful fish and many other living things **that you can't name.**

主干：

(you) (can meet) (all kinds of colorful fish and many other living things)

(主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

在水里，你可以遇到各种各样的五颜六色的鱼和许多其他你叫不出名字的生物。

29. Human brains are like muscles that need nutrients and exercise to become stronger.

结构分析：

Human brains are like muscles **that need nutrients and exercise to become stronger.**

主干：

(Human brains) (are) (like muscles) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

人类的大脑就像肌肉一样，需要营养和锻炼才能变得更强壮。

30. To protect the stamps, some people also put the stamps into a special room which has a machine to keep the air cool and dry.

结构分析：

~~To protect the stamps~~, some people ~~also~~ put the stamps into a special room ^{which}
has a machine to keep the air cool and dry.

主干：

(some people) (put) (the stamps) (into a special room) . (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

为了保护邮票，一些人还把邮票放在一个特殊的房间里，房间里有一个机器来保持空气凉爽和干燥。

31. When you write your goals in your own way, you are able to make yourself realize situations that will bring you nearer to your goals.

结构分析：

~~When you write your goals in your own way~~, you are able to make yourself realize situations **that will bring you nearer to your goals.**

主干：

(you) (are able to make) (yourself) (realize situations) . (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

当你用自己的方式写下你的目标时，你就能让自己意识到那些能让你更接近目标的情况。

32. For instance, we can share our positive attitude with those who are negative or upset.

结构分析：

~~For instance~~, we can share our positive attitude ~~with those~~ **who are negative or upset.**

主干：

(we) (can share) (our positive attitude). (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

例如，我们可以与那些消极或沮丧的人分享我们的积极态度。

33. In the end, the land remained a safe place for birds, animals and plants that belonged there.

结构分析：

~~In the end~~, the land remained a safe place for birds, animals and plants ^{that} belonged there.

主干：

(the land) (remained) (a safe place). (主+系+表)

参考译文：

最后，这片土地仍然是鸟类、动物和植物的安全之地。

34. There is a folk song called “My Old Deskmate” which is sung widely among people of different ages.

结构分析：

There is a folk song **called “My Old Deskmate”** **which is sung widely among people of different ages.**

主干：

(There) (is) (a folk song). (主+系+表)

参考译文：

有一首名为《我的老同桌》的民歌在不同年龄的人中间广为流传。

35. It is an interesting and exciting book which tells us what ordinary people can do with courage and determination.

结构分析：

It is an interesting and exciting book **which tells us what ordinary people can do with courage and determination.**

主干：

(It) (is) (an interesting and exciting book). (主+系+表)

参考译文：

这是一本有趣和令人兴奋的书，它告诉我们普通人带着勇气和决心可以做成什么事。

36. She shares the places she stays and the food she eats on the internet with tens of thousands of followers.

结构分析：

She shares the places ^{she stays} and the food ^{she eats} ~~on the internet with tens of thousands of followers.~~

主干：

(She) (shares) (the places and the food). (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

她在网上与成千上万的粉丝分享她住的地方和吃的食物。

37. The answer of course is the huge influence that technology has had on our life.

结构分析：

The answer ~~of course~~ is the huge influence **that technology has had on our life.**

主干：

(The answer) (is) (the huge influence). (主+系+表)

参考译文：

答案当然是科技对我们生活的巨大影响。

38. One autumn, he promised to help our neighbor, who lost his arms in a traffic accident in 1999, to harvest his rice.

结构分析：

~~One autumn~~, he promised to help our neighbor, **who lost his arms in a traffic accident in 1999**,
to harvest his rice.

主干：

(he) (promised to help) (our neighbor)(to harvest his rice). (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

有一年秋天，他答应帮助我们的邻居收割稻谷，他的邻居在1999年的一次交通事故中失去了双臂。

39. Suddenly she stopped before a store, inside which were all kinds of dolls.

结构分析：

Suddenly she stopped before a store, inside which were all kinds of dolls.

主干：

(she) (stopped) (主+谓)

参考译文：

突然，她在一家商店前停了下来，商店里面有各种各样的玩偶。

40. Generally, a smart city is a city that uses digital technologies such as the Internet to improve city planning, save money and resources, and make our life convenient.

结构分析：

Generally, a smart city is a city that uses digital technologies such as the Internet to improve city planning, save money and resources, and make our life convenient.

主干：

(a smart city) (is) (a city) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

一般来说，智慧城市是指利用互联网等数字技术来改善城市规划，节约资金和资源，使我们的生活更加方便的城市。

41. For example, its city walls, which helped keep the city safe in the past, are hundreds of years old now and look almost the same as before.

结构分析：

~~For example~~, its city walls, **which helped keep the city safe in the past**, are hundreds of years old ~~now~~ and look ~~almost~~ the same as before.

主干：

(its city walls) (are) (hundreds of years old) and (look) (the same as before)

(主+系+表 and 主+系+表)

参考译文：

例如，它的城墙，在过去帮助保持城市安全，现在有数百年的历史，看起来几乎和以前一样。

42. The story began in 2000, when Haixia, who was already blind in her right eye, lost her left one after an illness.

结构分析：

The story began ~~in 2000~~, when Haixia, who was already blind in her right eye, lost her left one after an illness.

主干：

(The story) (began) (主+谓)

参考译文：

事开始于2000年，当时右眼已经失明的海霞因病失去了左眼。

43. If foreigners visit a Chinese family, they would be surprised at the warmth that they would receive as guests.

结构分析：

~~If foreigners visit a Chinese family, they would be surprised at the warmth~~^{that}
~~they would receive as guests.~~

主干：

(they) (would be) (surprised) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

如果外国人访问一个中国家庭，他们会对作为客人所受到的热情感到惊讶。

44. These activities will give you a chance to communicate with people who share similar interests.

结构分析：

These activities will give you a chance to communicate with people who share similar interests.

主干：

(These activities) (will give) (you) (a chance) (主+谓+宾+宾)

参考译文：

这些活动将给你一个机会与志同道合的人交流。

45. According to this discovery, scientists say that people accept the colors they like, and refuse the colors they hate.

结构分析：

~~According to this discovery~~, scientists say that people accept the colors ^{they like},
and refuse the colors ^{they hate}.

主干：

(scientists) (say) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

根据这一发现，科学家说，人们接受他们喜欢的颜色，拒绝他们讨厌的颜色。

46. The villagers were forced to use oil lamps, which are not only expensive but also dangerous because of the harmful gases they produce.

结构分析：

The villagers were forced to use oil lamps, **which are not only expensive but also dangerous**
because of the harmful gases they produce.

主干：

(The villagers) (were forced to use) (oil lamps) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

村民们被迫使用油灯，因为油灯不仅昂贵而且它产生的有害气体非常危险。

47. This area is Xinjiang in Northwest China, through which two major routes of the Silk Road passed on the northern and southern side of the Taklamakan desert.

结构分析：

This area is Xinjiang in Northwest China, through which two major routes of the Silk Road passed on the northern and southern side of the Taklamakan desert.

主干：

(This area) (is) (Xinjiang) (主+谓+宾)

(two major routes of the Silk Road) (passed). (主+谓)

参考译文：

这里是中国西北部的新疆，丝绸之路的两条主要路线都经过塔克拉玛干沙漠的北侧和南侧。

48. For example, when you see a picture of a sports stadium that reminds you of a bird's nest, you probably know it is the Olympic stadium in Beijing.

结构分析：

~~For example, when you see a picture of a sports stadium~~ **that reminds you of a bird's nest,**
you probably know it is the Olympic stadium in Beijing.

主干：

(you) (know) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(you) (see) (a picture of a sports stadium). (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

例如，当你看到一个体育场的图片让你想起鸟巢，你可能知道它是北京的奥林匹克体育场。

49. It may explain why the word "calculate" comes from the Latin word "calculus" which means "stone"

结构分析：

It may explain why the word "calculate" comes from the Latin word "calculus"
which means "stone"

主干：

(It) (may explain) (A)（主+谓+宾）

参考译文：

这也许可以解释为什么 **"calculate"** 一词来自拉丁语中意为“石头”的 **"calculus"** .

50. World Wildlife Fund (WWF) has done plenty of research to find creative ways that meet the need of both people and nature.

结构分析：

**World Wildlife Fund (WWF) has done plenty of research ~~to find creative ways~~
that meet the need of both people and nature.**

主干：

(World Wildlife Fund (WWF)) (has done) (plenty of research) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

世界自然基金会(WWF)已经做了大量的研究来寻找创造性的方法来满足人类和自然的需求。

51. Unexpectedly, as many as three out of ten teenagers mentioned that collecting things was something they liked to do in spare time.

结构分析：

~~Unexpectedly~~, as many as three out of ten teenagers mentioned that collecting things was something they liked to do in spare time.

主干：

(as many as three out of ten teenagers)(mentioned) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

让人意外的是，30%的青少年中提到收集是他们在业余时间喜欢做的事情。

52. Call 492-9345 to learn about training, expense and other requirements that are needed to care for a homeless child in your family.

结构分析：

Call 492-9345 to learn about training, expense and other requirements **that are**
needed to care for a homeless child in your family.

主干：

(Call)(492-9345) (主+谓)

参考译文：

拨打492-9345了解有关培训、费用和其他需要照顾家中无家可归儿童的要求。

53. Canada's national flag, a symbol for Canada Day, can be seen everywhere and a lot of people paint their faces red and white, which are Canada's national colors.

结构分析：

Canada's national flag, ~~a symbol for Canada Day~~, can be seen everywhere and a lot of people paint their faces red and white, **which are Canada's national colors.**

主干：

(Canada's national flag) (can be seen) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(a lot of people) (paint) (their faces) (red and white) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

加拿大国旗，加拿大日的象征，随处可见，许多人把他们的脸涂成红色和白色，这是加拿大的国家颜色。

54. Scientist and engineers believe, with the help of wireless signals, cameras and GPS, we are now at a stage where creating a safe self-driven car might be possible.

结构分析：

Scientist and engineers believe, with the help of wireless signals, cameras and GPS, we are now at a stage **where creating a safe self-driven car might be possible.**

主干：

(Scientist and engineers) (believe) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(we) (are) (at a stage) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

科学家和工程师们相信，在无线信号、摄像头和GPS的帮助下，我们现在正处于一个有可能创造出安全的自动驾驶汽车的阶段。

55. However, William Shakespeare is most famous for his plays, which have been translated into every major language and are performed more often than those of any other dramatist.

结构分析：

However, William Shakespeare is most famous for his plays, which have been translated into every major language and are performed more often than those of any other dramatist.

主干：

(William Shakespeare) (is) (most famous) (主+系+表)

(which) (have been translated) and (are performed) (主+谓)

参考译文：

然而，威廉·莎士比亚最著名的是他的戏剧，他的戏剧被翻译成每一种主要的语言，比任何其他剧作家表演得都多。

56. Perhaps one of the things that surprises a western guest most is that the Chinese host like to pick food for visitors, which won't happen at western tables.

结构分析：

Perhaps one of the things **that surprises a western guest most** **is** **that the Chinese host like to pick food for visitors,** **which won't happen at western tables.**

主干：

(one of the things) (is) (A)（主+系+表）

参考译文：

也许最让西方客人感到惊讶的事情之一是，中国主人喜欢为客人夹菜，这在西方餐桌上是不会发生的。

57. However, Dr. Peter believes that eating food that matches a person's blood will make the person healthier in other ways.

结构分析：

~~However~~, Dr. Peter believes that eating food **that matches a person's blood** will make the person healthier in other ways.

主干：

(Dr. Peter) (believes) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(eating food) (will make) (the person) (healthier) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

然而，彼得博士认为，吃与人血液匹配的食物会在其他方面使人更健康。

58. Students who are not excited about summer camps and outdoor adventure may take part in courses in computer game design, filmmaking and photography during the holidays.

结构分析：

Students **who are not excited about summer camps and outdoor adventure** **may take part in courses**
in computer game design, filmmaking and photography ~~during the holidays.~~

主干：

(Students) (may take part in) (courses) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

对夏令营和户外探险不感兴趣的学生可以在假期参加电脑游戏设计、电影制作和摄影课程。

59. One day, a group of young people came to me and said that they were all thankful to me for the changes I had brought into their lives through peer education.

结构分析：

~~One day~~, a group of young people came ~~to me~~ and said that they were all thankful to me for the changes **I had brought into their lives through peer education.**

主干：

(a group of young people) (came) and (said) (A) (主+谓 and 主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

有一天，一群年轻人来找我，说他们都很感谢我通过同伴教育给他们的生活带来的改变。

60. Reading is a process in which we need to compare and connect other things we have read and seen in the past.

结构分析：

Reading is a process **in which we need to compare and connect other things** **we have read and seen in the past.**

主干：

(Reading) (is) (a process) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

阅读是一个过程，在这个过程中，我们需要比较和连接我们过去读过和看到的其他东西。

61. They think their invention solves the main problem that the selfie stick has—— people look alone while they are taking pictures of themselves with great interest.

结构分析：

They think their invention solves the main problem that the selfie stick has _____ people look alone while they are taking pictures of themselves with great interest.

主干：

(they) (think) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

他们认为他们的发明解决了自拍杆的主要问题——人们在饶有兴趣地自拍时总是一个
人看。

62. It would be hard to find a person who is neutral, or simply doesn't care one way or the other.

结构分析：

It would be hard to find a person **who is neutral, or simply doesn't care one way or the other.**

主干：

(to find a person) (would be) (hard) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

找到一个中立，或者不管怎样都不在乎的人很难。

63. It is likely that the person who led you through the zoo helped you to learn a lot.

结构分析：

It is likely that the person **who led you through the zoo** helped you to learn a lot.

主干：

(A)(is) (likely) (主+系+表)

(the person) (helped) (you) (to learn a lot) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

很可能是那个带你穿过动物园的人帮你学到了很多。

64. A food mile is the distance that food travels from the farmer's field to the person who buys the food.

结构分析：

A food mile is the distance that food travels from the farmer's field to the person who buys the food.

主干：

(A food mile) (is) (the distance) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

食物的距离是指从农民的田地到买食物的人之间的距离。

65. They said the way we live, work and play will be totally different to how we do these things today.

结构分析：

They said the way **we live, work and play** will be totally different to how we do these things today.

主干：

(They) (said) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(the way) (will be) (different) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

他们说，我们的生活、工作和娱乐方式将完全不同于我们今天做这些事情的方式。

66. Groups who take time to discuss how they will work together are more well-organized and successful.

结构分析：

Groups **who take time to discuss how they will work together** **are more well-organized and successful.**

主干：

(Groups) (are) (more well-organized and successful) (主+系+表)

(who) (take time to discuss) (B) (主+谓+宾))

参考译文：

花时间讨论如何合作的团队更有条理，也更成功。

67. The best storytellers were mothers who used funny voices to show different characters or made their own special sound effects to keep the story moving.

结构分析：

The best storytellers were mothers who used funny voices to show different characters or made their own special sound effects to keep the story moving.

主干：

(The best storytellers) (were) (mothers) (主+系+表)

(who) (used) (funny voices) or (made) (their own special sound effects)

(主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

最好的讲故事的人是母亲，她们用有趣的声音来表现不同的角色，或者做出她们自己特殊的音效来让故事动人。

68. Another quality that helps people succeed is creativity—— thinking about things differently and wondering how others will do the same thing.

结构分析：

Another quality **that helps people succeed** is creativity—— thinking about things differently and wondering how others will do the same thing.

主干：

(Another quality) (is) (creativity) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

帮助人们成功的另一个品质是创造力——用不同的方式思考问题，并想知道其他人会如何做同样的事情。

69. Experts and his colleagues found that among children who often ate meat and fish, those who also ate vegetables had a very low possibility of getting leukemia.

leukemia n. 白血病

结构分析：

Experts and his colleagues found that among children **who often ate meat and fish**,
those **who also ate vegetables** had a very low possibility of getting leukemia.

主干：

(Experts and his colleagues) (found) (A) (主+系+表)

(those) (had) (a very low possibility of getting leukemia) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

专家和他的同事发现，在经常吃肉和鱼的儿童中，那些也吃蔬菜的儿童患白血病的
可能性非常低。

70. All you have to do is thinking of the names for some of the products you buy every day and you'll agree that the name and the product are connected in everyone's mind.

结构分析：

All **you have to do** is thinking of the names **for some of the products you buy every day** and you'll agree that the name and the product are connected in everyone's mind.

主干：

(All) (is) (thinking of the names) (主+系+表)

(you) (will agree) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

你所要做的就是想想你每天买的一些产品的名字，你就会同意名字和产品在每个人的脑海中是联系在一起的。

71. What we eat and the way we eat it are also very important, because they decide whether we can get good nutrition.

结构分析：

What we eat and the way ^{we eat it} are also very important, because they decide whether we can get good nutrition.

主干：

(A and the way) (are) (very important) (主+系+表)

(they) (decide) (B) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

我们吃什么和吃的方式也很重要，因为它们决定了我们能否得到良好的营养。

72. The bikes are parked at special parking places and people who want to use them have to take them to another special place that has enough room.

结构分析：

The bikes are parked ~~at special parking places~~ and people ^{who want to use them} have to take them to another special place ^{that has enough room.}

主干：

(The bikes) (are parked) (主+谓)

(people) (have to take) (them) (to another special place) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

自行车停放在特殊的停车场，想要使用它们的人必须把它们带到另一个有足够空间的特殊地方。

73. What Winter knows of the 19-year-old who saved his life is only that he died in a car accident and that his family was willing to honor his wishes and donate his organs for transplantation.

结构分析：

What Winter knows of the 19-year-old **who saved his life** ~~is only~~ that he died in a car accident and that his family was willing to honor his wishes and donate his organs for transplantation.

主干：

(A) (is) (B and C) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

温特所知道的这位救了他命的19岁少年的事，仅仅是这位少年死于一场车祸，他的家人愿意尊重他的意愿，捐献他的器官进行移植。

74. Jim discovered that heating the wine gently for a few minutes after it had fermented would kill off the yeast that was left in the wine.

ferment v. 发酵

yeast n. 酵母

结构分析：

Jim discovered that heating the wine gently for a few minutes after it had fermented would kill off the yeast that was left in the wine.

主干：

(Jim) (discovered) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(heating the wine) (would kill off) (the yeast) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

吉姆发现，在葡萄酒发酵后，将其轻轻加热几分钟，就能杀死葡萄酒中残留的酵母。

75. Filmgoers should be told how many calories there are in the popcorn, ice cream and soft drinks that they buy in cinemas, according to the Food Standard Agency.

filmgoer n. 看电影的人

calorie n. 卡路里

popcorn n. 爆米花

soft drinks n. 碳酸饮料

结构分析：

Filmgoers should be told how many calories there are in the popcorn, ice cream and soft drinks ~~that they buy in cinemas,~~ ~~according to the Food Standard Agency.~~

主干：

(Filmgoers) (should be told) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

据美国食品标准局(Food Standard Agency)称，电影观众应该被告知他们在电影院购买的爆米花、冰淇淋和软饮料中含有多少卡路里。

76. I would like a room where we can go and relax and play computer games and chat with friends.

结构分析：

I would like a room where we can go and relax and play computer games and chat with friends.

主干：

(I) (would like) (a room) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

我想要一个房间，我们可以去放松，玩电脑游戏，和朋友聊天。

77. I would also like to have a music room where we can just go and play instruments when we want.

结构分析：

I would ~~also~~ like to have a music room **where we can just go and play instruments when we want.**

主干：

(I) (would like to have) (a music room) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

我也想有一个音乐室，我们可以随时去玩乐器。

78. The roads in the place where his master lived were often so bad that it was not safe for any person to go out without a light on dark nights.

结构分析：

The roads **in the place where his master lived** were ~~often~~ so bad that it was not safe ~~for any~~
~~person~~ to go out without a light on dark nights.

主干：

(The roads) (were) (bad) (主+系+表)

(to go...dark nights) (was not) (safe) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

在他主人住的地方的道路常常很糟糕，任何人在黑夜里不打灯出去都是不安全的。

79. Last year in the UK at least 45 people died and 900 more were injured in car accidents where drivers were using their mobile phones.

结构分析：

~~Last year in the UK~~ at least 45 people died and 900 more were injured ~~in car accidents~~ where drivers were using their mobile phones.

主干：

(at least 45 people) (died) (主+谓)

(900 more) (were injured) (主+谓)

参考译文：

去年，在英国，至少有45人死于使用手机的交通事故，另有900多人受伤。

80. In the province of Quebec, many home rentals start on July 1st and last for exactly one year, and many people in Quebec spend Canada Day moving from one house to another.

结构分析：

~~In the province of Quebec, many home rentals start on July 1st and last for exactly one year, and many people~~ **in Quebec** ~~spend Canada Day moving from one house to another.~~

主干：

(many home rentals) (start and last) (主+谓)

(many people) (spend) (Canada Day) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

在魁北克省，许多房屋租赁从7月1日开始，持续整整一年，许多魁北克人在加拿大日这一天搬家。

81. People spend half their time dreaming up ways of getting rich, and the rest of their time thinking about all the enjoyable things they would do once they got rich.

结构分析：

People spend half their time ~~dreaming up ways~~ ^{of getting rich,} and the rest of their time ~~thinking about all the enjoyable things~~ ^{they would do once they got rich.}

主干：

(People) (spend) (half their time and the rest of their time) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

人们把一半的时间花在梦想致富的方法上，剩下的时间则用来思考一旦他们富有了会做些什么享受的事情。

82. This summer thousands of England fans will go to cheer for their team in Brazil, even though the trip could cost each of them 10, 000 pounds.

结构分析：

~~This summer thousands of England fans will go to cheer for their team~~ **in Brazil,**
~~even though the trip could cost each of them 10,000 pounds.~~

主干：

(thousands of England fans) (will go) (主+谓)

(the trip) (could cost) (each of them) (10,000 pounds) (主+谓+宾+宾)

参考译文：

今年夏天，成千上万的英格兰球迷将前往巴西为他们的球队加油助威，尽管这趟旅程可能会花费他们每人1万英镑。

83. Even if you graduate from the best school in the world, it's not enough because what matters most is your skill.

结构分析：

~~Even if you graduate from the best school~~ ^{in the world}, it's not enough because ~~what matters most is your skill.~~

主干：

(it) (is not) (enough) (主+系+表)

(you) (graduate) (主+谓)

(what matters most) (is) (your skill) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

即使你毕业于世界上最好的学校，这也不够，因为最重要的是你的技能。

84. Customers usually connect red stickers with lower prices, so the red stickers are easy to be noticed, even when there is no reduction.

结构分析：

Customers ~~usually~~ connect red stickers with lower prices, so the red stickers are easy to be noticed, ~~even when there is no reduction.~~

主干：

(Customers) (connect) (red stickers) (with lower prices) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

(the red stickers) (are) (easy to be noticed) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

顾客通常会将红色贴纸与较低的价格联系起来，所以即使没有降价，红色贴纸也很容易被注意到。

85. But as the country pays more attention to children's health, healthier foods have started to appear on school menus.

结构分析：

But as the country pays more attention to children's health, healthier foods have started to appear on school menus.

主干：

(healthier foods) (have started to appear) (主+谓)

(the country) (pays) (more attention) (to children's health) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

但随着国家越来越重视儿童健康，健康食品开始出现在学校的菜单上。

86. It could walk on uneven surfaces, and move its center of gravity like we do to climb stairs.

结构分析：

It could walk ~~on uneven surfaces~~, and move its center of gravity ~~like we do to climb stairs~~.

主干：

(It) (could walk) and (move) (its center of gravity)(主+谓 and 谓+宾)

参考译文：

它可以在不平整的表面行走，移动重心，就像我们爬楼梯一样。

87. A child learns to walk by practicing until he no longer has to think about how to put one foot in front of the other.

结构分析：

A child learns to walk ~~by practicing~~ until he ~~no longer~~ has to think about how to put one foot in front of the other.

主干：

(A child) (learns to walk) (主+谓)

(he) (has to think about) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

一个孩子通过练习学会走路，直到他不再需要考虑如何把一只脚放在另一只脚前面。

88. Unbelievably, another recent study reported that 22% of adults admitted they had sent a text message while driving at least once in the past month.

结构分析：

~~Unbelievably,~~ another recent study reported that 22% of adults admitted they had sent a text message while driving at least once in the past month.

主干：

(another recent study) (reported) (A) (主+谓+宾)

A=(22% of adults) (admitted) (B) (主+谓+宾)

B=(they) (had sent) (a text message) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

令人难以置信的是,另一个最近的研究报告说,22%的成年人承认他们已经开车时发短信过去一个月至少一次。

89. But interestingly, McDull gradually became more attractive when he told his classmates that if he became the class monitor, he would treat everyone with strawberry cakes.

结构分析：

But interestingly, McDull gradually became more attractive when he told his classmates that if he became the class monitor, he would treat everyone with strawberry cakes.

主干：

(McDull) (became) (more attractive) (主+系+表)

(he) (told) (his classmates)(B) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

但有趣的是，当麦兜告诉他的同学，如果他成为班长，他会用草莓蛋糕招待每个人时，他变得越来越有吸引力。

90. This remind me that both in China and Britain, when something strange happens around you or when you are in an embarrassing situation, people tend to use this common way to not catch other people's attention.

结构分析：

This remind me that both in China and Britain, when something strange happens around you or when you are in an embarrassing situation, people tend to use this common way to not catch other people's attention.

主干：

(This) (remind) (me) (A) (主+谓+宾+宾)

(people) (tend to use) (this common way) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

这让我想起了在中国和英国，当你周围发生了一些奇怪的事情，或者当你处于尴尬的境地时，人们往往会用这种常见的方式来不引起别人的注意。

91. You never know these people who may be a classmate, a neighbor or a friend, but when you lock your eyes on them, you know at every moment they will influence your life in some ways.

结构分析：

You never know these people **who may be a classmate, a neighbor or a friend**, **but** ~~when you~~
~~lock your eyes on them, you know at every moment~~ they will influence your
life in some ways.

主干：

(You) (never know) (these people) (主+谓+宾)

(you) (know) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

你永远不会认识这些人，他们可能是你的同学、邻居或朋友，但当你把目光锁定在他们身上时，你知道他们每时每刻都在某种程度上影响着你的生活。

92. Chris is a doctor from France who has travelled to many places to organize programs that help people.

结构分析：

Chris is a doctor **from France** **who has travelled to many places to organize programs that help people.**

主干：

(Chris) (is) (a doctor) (主+系+表)

(who) (has travelled) (主+谓)

参考译文：

克里斯是一名来自法国的医生，他去过很多地方组织帮助人们的项目。

93. The good way of getting out of the well is to stop crying, and not to let the dirt bury you, but to shake it off and take a step up.

结构分析：

The good way **of getting out of the well** is to stop crying, and not to let the dirt bury you, but to shake it off and take a step up.

主干：

(The good way) (is) (A, and B, but C) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

克从井里爬出来的好办法就是别哭了，别让土把你埋了，把土抖掉，往上爬一步。

94. Andrew wrote down clearly all the research he had done about the area, and how the houses would affect the local environment.

结构分析：

Andrew wrote down ~~clearly~~ all the research ^{he had done about the area}, and how the houses would affect the local environment.

主干：

(Andrew) (wrote down) (all the research, and A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

安德鲁清楚地写下了他对这个地区所做的所有研究，以及这些房子将如何影响当地环境。

95. Recently there has been a report about a woman from Australia who can remember almost every detail of all the events in her daily life.

结构分析：

Recently there has been a report **about a woman from Australia who can remember almost every detail of all the events in her daily life.**

主干：

(there) (has been) (a report) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

最近，有一篇关于一位来自澳大利亚的妇女的报道，她几乎能记住她日常生活中发生的所有事情的每一个细节。

96. At the beginning, only a few people were interested in the race, but now quite a lot of people including children, teenagers and the old take part in it each year.

结构分析：

~~At the beginning, only~~ a few people were interested ~~in the race, but now quite~~
a lot of people **including children, teenagers and the old** ~~take part in it each year.~~

主干：

(a few people) (were) (interested) (主+系+表)

(a lot of people) (take) (part) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

起初，只有少数人对比赛感兴趣，但现在相当多的人，包括儿童，青少年和老年人每年都参加这项比赛。

97. School lunches must also provide at least one third of the daily amount of necessary nutrition, such as vitamin A, vitamin C and calcium.

结构分析：

School lunches must ~~also~~ provide ~~at least one third~~ of the daily amount of necessary nutrition, **such as vitamin A, vitamin C and calcium.**

主干：

(School lunches) (must provide) (one...nutrition) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

学校午餐还必须提供每日所需营养的至少三分之一，如维生素A、维生素C和钙。

98. Although he lived over 2000 years ago, people still remember and respect him for his contributions to the education today.

结构分析：

~~Although he lived over 2000 years ago, people still remember and respect him for his contributions~~ to the education today.

主干：

(people) (remember and respect) (him) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

虽然他生活在2000多年前，人们仍然记得和尊重他为今天的教育作出的贡献。

99. Along with seeing examples of pots and tools used for making pots in the museum, visitors can try to make their own pots there.

结构分析：

~~Along with seeing examples~~ **of pots and tools used for making pots** ~~in the museum,~~ visitors
can try to make their own pots ~~there.~~

主干：

(visitors) (can try to make) (their own pots) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

除了在博物馆里看到制作陶器的例子和工具外，游客还可以在那里尝试自己制作陶器。

100. You could collect Chinese stamps, or you could collect things that make you remember what you've done, like cinema tickets for films.

结构分析：

You could collect Chinese stamps, or you could collect things **that make you remember**
what you've done, like cinema tickets for films.

主干：

(You) (could collect) (Chinese stamps) (主+谓+宾)

(you) (could collect) (things) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

你可以收集中国邮票，或者你可以收集让你记住你做过什么的东西，比如电影票。

101. Other advantages of team sports like basketball, football and baseball are that they keep you fit and healthy, and they are also great fun.

结构分析：

Other advantages of team sports **like basketball, football and baseball** are that they keep you fit and healthy, and they are also great fun.

主干：

(Other advantages of team sports) (are) (A) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

像篮球、足球和棒球这种团队运动的其他优势是它们让你保持健康，而且他们也很有趣。

102. We don't have to live in our past, but we do hope that we can plan better, live better, and work better when we have the chance to do so.

结构分析：

We don't have to live ~~in our past~~, but we do hope that we can plan better, live better, and work better when we have the chance ^{to do so.}

主干：

(We) (don't have to live) (主+谓)

(we) (do hope) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

我们不必活在过去，但我们确实希望，当我们有机会这样做的时候，我们可以计划得更好，生活得更好，工作得更好。

103. Tickets at reduced prices are not available for first-class travels or for travels abroad, such as to France or Germany.

结构分析：

Tickets **at reduced prices** **are not available** ~~for first-class travels or for travels abroad,~~ **such as to France or Germany.**

主干：

(Tickets) (are not) (available) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

头等舱或到法国或德国等国旅行的机票不打折。

104. When the user wearing the glove is close to an object, ultrasonic waves from the glove are sent out.

结构分析：

~~When the user~~ ^{wearing the glove} ~~is close to an object,~~ ultrasonic waves ^{from the glove} are sent out.

主干：

(ultrasonic waves) (are sent out) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

当戴手套的人靠近物体时，手套发出超声波。

105. Shakespeare had some themes that he usually wrote about: the fight between good and bad, love's great effect on people, and the difference between first appearance and a person's true personality.

结构分析：

Shakespeare had some themes **that he usually wrote about**: the fight **between good and bad**,
love's great effect **on people**, and the difference **between first appearance and a person's true**
personality.

主干：

(Shakespeare) (had) (some themes) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

莎士比亚有一些他经常写的主题:好人和坏人之间的斗争，爱情对人的巨大影响，一个人的第一印象和真实性格之间的差异。

106. In a study done by the Girls Leadership Institute, many girls said that the biggest thing holding them back from participating in class was getting judged.

结构分析：

~~In a study~~ **done by the Girls Leadership Institute**, many girls said that the biggest thing holding them back from participating in class was getting judged.

主干：

(many girls) (said) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(the biggest thing) (was)(getting judged). (主+系+表)

参考译文：

在女孩领导力研究所的一项研究中，许多女孩表示，阻碍她们参加课程的最大原因是受到评判。

107. A group's IQ, we might think, would be simply the average intelligence of the group's members, or perhaps the intelligence of the group's smartest member.

结构分析：

A group's IQ, ~~we might think~~, would be simply the average intelligence ^{of the} group's members, or perhaps the intelligence ^{of the group's smartest member}.

主干：

(A group's IQ) (would be) (the average intelligence or the intelligence)

(主+系+表)

参考译文：

我们可能会认为，一个群体的智商只是该群体成员的平均智商，或者可能是该群体中最聪明成员的智商。

108. His dream of introducing his fighting style into American movies was not accepted by local film makers who thought western audience were not interested in Kungfu.

结构分析：

His dream **of introducing his fighting style into American movies** **was not accepted by local film makers** **who thought western audience were not interested in Kungfu.**

主干：

(His dream) (was not accepted) (主+谓)

参考译文：

他把自己的武打风格引入美国电影的梦想没有被当地的电影制作人所接受，他们认为西方观众对功夫不感兴趣。

109. Children who spend more time reading with their parents have a greater chance of becoming better readers than those who don't.

结构分析：

Children **who spend more time reading with their parents** **have a greater chance** **of becoming better readers** ~~**than those**~~ **who don't.**

主干：

(Children) (have) (a greater chance) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

花更多时间和父母一起阅读的孩子比不花更多时间和父母一起阅读的孩子更有可能成为更好的读者。

110. Doctors and other scientists who study the human mind and try to explain why people behave in the way they do, called psychologists, are starting to believe it.

结构分析：

Doctors and other scientists **who study the human mind and try to explain why people behave in the way they do**, **called psychologists**, **are starting to believe it.**

主干：

(Doctors and other scientists) (are starting to believe) (it) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

研究人类思维并试图解释人们行为方式的医生和其他科学家，即心理学家，开始相信这一点。

111. We seem to believe that people with similar habits or hobbies will share similar attitudes and we are more likely to be accepted by people like ourselves.

结构分析：

We seem to believe that people **with similar habits or hobbies** will share similar attitudes
and we are more likely to be accepted ~~by people~~ **like ourselves** .

主干：

(we) (seem to believe) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(people) (will share) (similar attitudes) (主+谓+宾)

(we) (are more likely to be accepted) (主+谓)

参考译文：

我们似乎相信有相似习惯或爱好的人会有相似的态度，我们更有可能被像我们一样的人接受。

112. If you want to learn how to set up a successful business, you should read book about like Bill Gates and Jerry Yang, who have achieved an amazing success in their areas of business.

结构分析：

~~If you want to learn how to set up a successful business,~~ you should read book about like Bill Gates and Jerry Yang, who have achieved an amazing success in their areas of business.

主干：

(you) (should read) (book) (主+谓+宾)

(you) (want to learn) (how to set up a successful business) (主+谓+宾)

(who) (have achieved) (an amazing success) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

如果你想学习如何建立一个成功的企业，你应该阅读像比尔盖茨和杨致远这样的书，他们在各自的领域取得了惊人的成功。

113. It led to a nationwide ban on the use of a deadly chemical called DDT, and other toxic pesticides that farmers used for their crops.

结构分析：

~~It led to a nationwide ban~~ on the use of a deadly chemical **called DDT**, and other toxic pesticides **that** farmers used for their crops.

主干：

(It) (lead) (主+谓)

参考译文：

它导致了一项全国性的禁令，禁止使用一种叫做DDT的致命化学物质，以及农民在种植农作物时使用的其他有毒农药。

114. People who join the company's "mother club" can get lectures and news letters on baby and child development at no extra cost, if they agree to spend 18 dollars a month on the company's educational toys and child care books.

结构分析：

People **who join the company's "mother club"** **can get lectures and news letters** **on baby and child development** ~~at no extra cost, if they agree to spend 18 dollars a month on the company's educational toys and child care books.~~

主干：

(people) (can get) (lectures and news letters) (主+谓+宾)

(they) (agree to spend) (18 dollars) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

加入该公司“母亲俱乐部”的人，如果同意每月花18美元购买该公司的教育玩具和儿童护理书籍，就可以免费获得有关婴儿和儿童发展的讲座和新闻信函。

115. According to James, this obsession with getting top marks has been a bad development, which encourages people to think of education in terms of work and money.

结构分析：

~~According to James,~~ this obsession ~~with getting top marks~~ has been a bad development, ~~which encourages people to think of education in terms of work and money.~~

主干：

(this obsession) (has been) (a bad development) (主+系+表)

(which) (encourages) (people)(to think of education) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

据詹姆斯说，这种对高分的痴迷是一种不好的发展，它鼓励人们从工作和金钱的角度来考虑教育。

116. At nine o'clock, a young man, who lived in a small room of the company, had to draw a red line under the last name on the list, and whoever was coming after that had to explain to the manager.

结构分析：

~~At nine o'clock~~, a young man, **who lived in a small room of the company**, had to draw a red line ~~under the last name~~ **on the list**, and whoever was coming after that had to explain ~~to the manager~~.

主干：

(a young man) (had to draw) (a red line) (主+谓+宾)

(A) (had to explain) (主+谓)

参考译文：

九点钟，一个住在公司小房间里的年轻人不得不在名单上的最后一个人的名字下面划了一条红线，在那之后的人必须向经理解释清楚。

117. She found that kids praised for “trying hard” did better on tests and were more likely to take difficult assignments than those praised for being “smart”.

结构分析：

She found that kids ^{praised for “trying hard”} did better on tests and were
more likely to take difficult assignments ~~than those~~ ^{praised for being “smart”}.

主干：

(She) (found) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(kids) (did) (主+谓)

(kids) (were more likely to take) (difficult assignments) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

她发现，那些被表扬“努力”的孩子在考试中表现更好，而且比那些被表扬“聪明”的孩子更有可能接受困难的任务。

118. Most people put their hopes and wishes in the letter so that they can experience the connection between the past and the present when they receive the letter.

结构分析：

Most people put their hopes and wishes in the letter so that they can experience the connection ~~when they receive the letter.~~
between the past and the present

主干：

(Most people) (put) (their hopes and wishes) (in the letter) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

(they) (can experience) (the connection) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

大多数人把他们的希望和愿望写在信里，这样当他们收到信的时候，他们就能体验到过去和现在之间的联系。

119. The sea is a good place to grow plants because underwater temperatures remain stable, changing little from day to night.

结构分析：

The sea is a good place **to grow plants** ~~because underwater temperatures remain stable, changing little from day to night.~~

主干：

(The sea) (is) (a good place) (主+系+表)

(underwater temperatures) (remain) (stable) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

海洋是种植植物的好地方，因为水下温度保持稳定，昼夜变化不大。

120. He waited quietly for his turn, instead of pushing the others aside, showing he was modest.

结构分析：

~~He waited quietly for his turn, instead of pushing the others aside, showing he was modest.~~

主干：

(He) (waited) (主+谓)

参考译文：

他静静地等着轮到自己，而不是把其他人推开，显示出他很谦虚。

121. A boy named James Watt sat quietly by the fire, watching the lid of the kettle move up and down.

结构分析：

A boy ^{named James Watt} sat ~~quietly by the fire, watching the lid~~ ^{of the kettle} ~~move up~~
~~and down.~~

主干：

(A boy) (sat) (主+谓)

参考译文：

一个名叫詹姆斯·瓦特的男孩静静地坐在火炉旁，看着壶盖上下移动。

122. You've just stepped into one of the world's greatest collections of art, covering centuries of human creativity from around the world.

结构分析：

~~You've just stepped into one of the world's greatest collections of art, covering centuries of human creativity~~ from around the world.

主干：

(You) (have stepped) (主+谓)

参考译文：

您刚刚走进了世界上最伟大的艺术收藏之一，涵盖了来自世界各地的数百年人类创造力。

123. We send you CDs and books, and by listening, repeating and reading, you can be fluent in your chosen language in a month.

结构分析：

We send you CDs and books, and ~~by listening, repeating and reading~~, you can be fluent ~~in your chosen language in a month.~~

主干：

(We) (send) (you) (CDs and books) (主+谓+宾+宾)

(you) (can be) (fluent) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

您刚刚走进了世界上最伟大的艺术收藏之一，涵盖了来自世界各地的数百年人类创造力。

124. But if people throw them away, the toxic chemicals can get into the earth or air, effecting the environment and people's health.

结构分析：

~~But if people throw them away,~~ the toxic chemicals can get into the earth or air, ~~effecting the environment and people's health.~~

主干：

(the toxic chemicals) (can get) (into the earth or air) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

但是如果人们把它们扔掉，有毒的化学物质就会进入地球或空气中，影响环境和人们的健康。

125. He lifted up the book which I had purposely laid on the floor, and put it on the table, while all the others stepped over it or pushed it aside, showing that he was careful.

结构分析：

He lifted up the book **which I had purposely laid on the floor**, and put it on the table, while all the others stepped over it or pushed it aside, showing that he was careful.

主干：

(He) (lifted up) (the book) and (put) (it) (on the table) (主+谓+宾 and 谓+宾+宾补)

(all the others) (stepped over) (it) and (pushed aside) (it) (主+谓+宾 and 谓+宾)

参考译文：

他把我故意放在地板上的那本书拿起来放在桌子上，而其他人都跨过它或把它推开，这表明他很细心。

126. During that long time, the horse didn't leave the body of his master, without food or water, in the coldest weather, driving away the birds that might eat it.

结构分析：

~~During that long time, the horse didn't leave the body of his master, without food or water, in the coldest weather, driving away the birds~~ **that might eat it** .

主干：

(the horse) (didn't leave) (the body of his master) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

在很长一段时间里，马没有离开他的主人的身体，没有食物或水，在最冷的天气，赶走可能吃它主人身体的鸟。

127. Knowing that you've never travelled outside of Asia, I thought I'd tell you a bit about what you can expect to find.

结构分析：

~~Knowing that you've never travelled outside of Asia~~, I thought I'd tell you a bit **about what you can expect to find.**

主干：

(I) (thought) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(I) (would tell) (you) (a bit) (主+谓+宾+宾)

参考译文：

我知道你从来没有出过亚洲，所以我想告诉你一些你可以期待的发现。

128. Although you are different from everyone else, you have exactly the same body parts as the people around you, doing different jobs that keep all of us alive.

结构分析：

~~Although you are different from everyone else, you have exactly the same body parts as the people~~ **around you, doing different jobs that keep all of us alive**.

主干：

(you) (have) (the same body parts) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

虽然你和其他人不一样，但和你周围的人有着完全相同的身体部位，做着不同的工作，让我们所有人都活着。

129. More recently, ASIMO was improved so it could turn around and run at six kilometers per hours, using its upper body to control movement.

结构分析：

~~More recently, ASIMO was improved so it could turn around and run at six kilometers per hours, using its upper body to control movement.~~

主干：

(ASIMO) (was improved) (主+谓)

(it) (could turn around and run) (主+谓)

参考译文：

最近，ASIMO得到了改进，它可以转身并以每小时6公里的速度奔跑，利用它的上半身来控制运动。

130. All members can have a coffee break at the same time, leading them to do their work more professionally and feel more pleased with their jobs.

结构分析：

All members can have a coffee break ~~at the same time, leading them to do their work more professionally and feel more pleased with their jobs.~~

主干：

(All members) (can have) (a coffee break) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

所有的会员都可以在同一时间喝杯咖啡，让他们更专业地工作，对自己的工作更满意。

131. Knowing the mother was about to give up the treatment for her child because of the shortage of money and get back to their home in Zhangjiakou of North China's Hebei Province, Premier Wen asked his members to arrange treatment for Li Rui at a hospital in Beijing.

结构分析：

~~Knowing the mother was about to give up the treatment~~^{for her child} ~~because of the shortage of money and get back to their home~~^{in Zhangjiakou of North China's Hebei Province,} Premier Wen asked his members to arrange treatment ^{for Li Rui} ~~at a hospital in Beijing.~~

主干：

(Premier Wen) (asked) (his members) (to arrange treatment for Li Rui)

(主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

当温总理知道孩子的母亲因为钱不够，要放弃孩子的治疗，回到河北张家口的家中时，他要求他的手下在北京的一家医院为李锐安排治疗。

132. For the first time, the Internet was opened to the general public, creating what is now known as the World Wide Web, and soon, people began finding all kinds of different things they could do on the Internet.

结构分析：

~~For the first time, the Internet was opened to the general public, creating what is now known as the World Wide Web, and soon, people began finding~~
all kinds of different things **they could do on the Internet.**

主干：

(the Internet) (was opened) and (people) (began) (finding all kinds of different things) (主+谓 and 主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

互联网第一次向公众开放，创造了现在被称为万维网的东西，不久，人们开始找各种各样的可以在网上做的事情。

133. For those who are tired doing the laundry, Samsung has found an answer: a washing machine that can tell you when your laundry is done via a smartphone app.

结构分析：

~~For those~~ **who are tired doing the laundry**, Samsung has found an answer: ~~a washing machine~~ **that can tell you when your laundry is done via a smartphone app.**

主干：

(Samsung) (has found) (an answer) (主+谓+宾)

(that) (can tell) (you) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

对于那些厌倦了洗衣服的人，三星找到了一个答案：一款可以通过智能手机应用程序告诉你何时洗完衣服的洗衣机。

134. Though she is very successful, she says that she finds it harder to balance her business with her family life.

结构分析：

~~Though she is very successful,~~ she says that she finds it harder to balance her business with her family life.

主干：

(she) (says) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(she) (finds) (to balance her business with her family life) (harder)

(主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

虽然她很成功，但她说她发现很难平衡事业和家庭生活。

135. Usually, boys score higher on tests about math, while girls do better in tests about words, spelling and memory.

结构分析：

Usually, boys score ~~higher on tests~~^{about math}, while girls do ~~better in tests~~^{about} words, spelling and memory.

主干：

(boys) (score) (主+谓)

(girls) (do) (主+谓)

参考译文：

通常情况下，男孩在数学测试中得分更高，而女孩在单词、拼写和记忆测试中得分更高。

136. So it's important for everybody to understand that you can always find a university that gives you a great education.

结构分析：

~~So~~ it's important ~~for everybody~~ to understand that you can always find a university **that gives you a great education.**

主干：

(to understand A) (is) (important) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

所以每个人都要明白，你总能找到一所能给你提供良好教育的大学，这一点很重要。

137. If you visit France today, it is not a surprise to meet street artists in the city or come across a singer in the subway.

结构分析：

~~If you visit France today~~, it is not a surprise to meet street artists in the city or come across a singer in the subway.

主干：

(to meet...in the subway) (is not) (a surprise) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

如果你今天访问法国，在城市里遇到街头艺人或者在地铁里遇到歌手都不足为奇。

138. If we do not read, it will be hard for us to improve our ability to think widely, to have an imagination.

结构分析：

~~If we do not read~~, it will be hard ~~for us to improve our ability~~ **to think widely, to have an imagination.**

主干：

(to improve our ability) (will be) (hard) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

如果我们不读书，就很难提高我们的广泛思考和想象力的能力。

139. Oil can be used in many ways and it's difficult to imagine what the modern world will be like without oil.

结构分析：

Oil can be used ~~in many ways~~ and it's difficult to imagine what the modern world will be like without oil.

主干：

(Oil) (can be used) (主+谓)

(To imagine A) (is) (difficult) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

石油有很多用途，很难想象没有石油的现代世界会是什么样子。

140. The result shows that it is interesting that most of the people are men, and 95 percent of the people often buy the electronic products online.

结构分析：

The result shows that it is interesting that most of the people are men, and 95 percent of the people often buy the electronic products online.

主干：

(The result) (shows) (A) (主+谓+宾)

(B) (is) (interesting) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

结果显示，有趣的是，大多数人是男性，95%的人经常在网上购买电子产品。

141. When children get old enough to read by themselves, it's necessary to buy books that are both interesting and right for them to understand.

结构分析：

~~When children get old enough to read by themselves~~, it's necessary to buy books **that are both interesting and right for them to understand.**

主干：

(to buy books) (is) (necessary) (主+系+表)

(children) (get) (old enough) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

当孩子长大到可以自己阅读时，有必要买一些既有趣又适合他们理解的书。

142. It is not at all surprising to learn that most teens said they wanted more free time.

结构分析：

It is not at all surprising to learn that most teens said they wanted more free time.

主干：

(A) (is not at all) (surprising) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

大多数青少年说他们想要更多的自由时间，这一点也不奇怪。

143. It's a bad habit for you to use your bedroom as a place to eat, watch TV, read, talk on the phone, or discuss important matters with your family members.

结构分析：

It's a bad habit ~~for you~~ to use your bedroom as a place to eat, watch TV, read, talk on the phone, or discuss important matters with your family members.

主干：

(A) (is) (a bad habit) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

把卧室当成吃饭、看电视、读书、打电话或与家人讨论重要问题的地方，这是一个坏习惯。

144. It is thought that if the brain is busy noticing many aspects of a task, it has to spread its resources and pays less attention to the clock.

结构分析：

It is thought that if the brain is busy noticing many aspects of a task, it has to spread its resources and pays less attention to the clock.

主干：

(A) (is) (thought) (主+系+表)

(it) (has to spread) (its resources) and (pays)(less attention) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

人们认为，如果大脑忙于注意一项任务的许多方面，它就必须分散自己的资源，对时钟的注意力就会减少。

145. Fish also has a special meaning because the Chinese word for fish sounds like the word for richness or plenty, and it is believed that eating fish will help your wishes come true in the years to come.

结构分析：

Fish ~~also~~ has a special meaning because the Chinese word ^{for fish} sounds like the word ^{for} richness or plenty, and it is believed that eating fish will help your wishes come true in the years ^{to come}.

主干：

(Fish) (has) (a special meaning) (主+谓+宾)

(the Chinese word) (sounds like) (the word) and (A) (is believed) (主+谓+宾 and 主+谓)

参考译文：

鱼也有一个特殊的意义，因为中文的“鱼”听起来像“丰富”，人们相信吃鱼会帮助你在未来的几年愿望成真。

146. Anyway, it's up to us to remind them from time to time that each of us, in our own way, is special.

结构分析：

~~Anyway~~, it's up to us to remind them from time to time that each of us, in our own way, is special.

主干：

(A) (is) (up to us) (主+系+表)

(A)=(to remind them B)

参考译文：

无论如何，我们要不时地提醒他们，我们每个人，以我们自己的方式，都是特别的。

147. Eating more food rich in Vitamin E, such as vegetables and lean meat (瘦肉), helps you have a better memory.

结构分析：

Eating more food **rich in Vitamin E, such as vegetables and lean meat (瘦肉),** **helps you have a better memory.**

主干：

(Eating more food) (helps) (you)(have a better memory) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

多吃富含维生素E的食物,比如蔬菜和瘦肉,可以帮助你有一个更好的记忆。

148. Volunteering does not only allow you to offer your services, but to learn and discover new things and improve your skills.

结构分析：

Volunteering does ~~not only~~ allow you to offer your services, but to learn and discover new things and improve your skills.

主干：

(Volunteering) (does allow) (you) (A) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

志愿活动不仅能让你提供服务，还能让你学习和发现新事物，提高你的技能。

149. Before putting away the guitar or stopping your dance lessons, you should think how you could divide your time between studying and hobbies.

结构分析：

~~Before putting away the guitar or stopping your dance lessons~~, you should think how you could divide your time between studying and hobbies.

主干：

(you) (should think) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

在收起吉他或停止舞蹈课程之前，你应该考虑一下如何在学习和爱好之间分配时间。

150. Other common traditions to keep away bad luck in a new year include throwing things into rivers or the ocean, or saying special things on the first day of the new year.

结构分析：

Other common traditions **to keep away bad luck in a new year** **include** throwing things into rivers or the ocean, or saying special things on the first day of the new year.

主干：

(Other common traditions) (include) (A or B) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

其他一些在新年里驱除霉运的常见习俗包括把东西扔到河里或海里，或者在新年的第一天说一些特别的话。

151. I have tried to catch every pleasant thing in my life, but I cannot catch most of the pleasant moments, such as being hugged by mother when in fear, being cheered by the teacher when in trouble, being helped by a stranger when in danger.

结构分析：

I have tried to catch every pleasant thing in my life, but I cannot catch most of the pleasant moments, such as being hugged by mother when in fear, being cheered by the teacher when in trouble, being helped by a stranger when in danger.

主干：

(I (have tried to catch) (every pleasant thing) (主+谓+宾)

(I (cannot catch) (most of the pleasant moments) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

我试着捕捉生命中每一件快乐的事情，但我却无法捕捉到大多数快乐的时刻，比如在恐惧时被母亲拥抱，在困难时被老师欢呼，在危险时被陌生人帮助。

152. Teaching them small acts of kindness, such as letting someone else go through a door first as they hold it open, may seem unimportant, but it can go a long way toward helping students realize how to be polite and thank others.

结构分析：

Teaching them small acts of kindness, such as letting someone else go through a door first as they hold it open, may seem unimportant, but it can go a long way ~~toward helping students realize how to be polite and thank others.~~

主干：

(A) (may seem) (unimportant) (主+系+表)

(it) (can go) (a long way) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

教他们一些善意的小举动，比如在他们开门的时候让别人先走进门，这看起来并不重要，但这对帮助学生认识到如何礼貌待人和感谢他人有很大帮助。

153. It was just an excuse he made to cover the fact that he didn't do his homework.

结构分析：

It was **just** an excuse **he made to cover the fact that he didn't do his homework**.

主干：

(it) (was) (an excuse) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

这只是他为了掩盖没做家庭作业的事实而找的借口。

154. The arrival of new smart phones such as the iPhone will only make matters worse as they will allow users to do more things than ever before.

结构分析：

The arrival **of new smart phones such as the iPhone** will ~~only~~ make matters worse ~~as they will allow users to do more things than ever before.~~

主干：

(The arrival) (will make) (matters) (worse) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

(they) (will allow) (users) (to do more things) (主+谓+宾+宾补)

参考译文：

像iPhone这样的新型智能手机的出现只会让事情变得更糟，因为它们将允许用户比以往做更多的事情。

155. There is no doubt that mobile phones can be fun and are extremely useful, especially when you're in trouble.

结构分析：

There is no doubt that mobile phones can be fun and are extremely useful, especially when you're in trouble.

主干：

(There) (is) (on doubt) (主+系+表)

参考译文：

毫无疑问，手机可以很有趣，非常有用，尤其是当你遇到麻烦的时候。

156. I can't live in fear of the possibility that as the earth's population grows and we use more and more of our nonrenewable resources, our children may have to lead poorer lives.

结构分析：

I can't live in fear of the possibility ~~that as the earth's population grows and we use more and more of our nonrenewable resources, our children may have to lead poorer lives.~~

主干：

(I) (can't live) (主+谓)

参考译文：

我不能生活在恐惧中，因为随着地球人口的增长，我们使用越来越多的不可再生资源，我们的孩子可能会过上更贫穷的生活。

157. I have known changes for the better and changes for the worse, but I have never questioned that fact that whether I liked it or not, change was unavoidable.

结构分析：

I have known changes ^{for the better} and changes ^{for the worse}, but I have never questioned that fact ^{that whether I liked it or not, change was unavoidable}.

主干：

(I) (have known) (changes and changes) (主+谓+宾)

(I) (have never questioned) (that fact) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

我知道变化会变得更好，也会变得更糟，但我从未质疑过这样一个事实：不管我喜欢与否，变化都是不可避免的。

158. The stereotype that confident men are leaders and confident women are bossy led to the 2014 “Ban Bossy” campaign.

结构分析：

The stereotype **that confident men are leaders and confident women are bossy** **led to the 2014 “Ban Bossy” campaign.**

主干：

(The stereotype) (led) (主+谓)

参考译文：

自信的男性是领导者，自信的女性是专横跋扈的刻板印象导致了2014年的“禁止专横跋扈”运动。

159. When I talked with him, I noticed that his clothes were carefully brushed, his hair in nice order, and his teeth as white as milk.

结构分析：

~~When I talked with him~~, I noticed that his clothes were carefully brushed, his hair in nice order, and his teeth as white as milk.

主干：

(I) (noticed) (A) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

当我和他交谈时，我注意到他的衣服被仔细地刷过，他的头发很整齐，他的牙齿像牛奶一样白。

160. The more grapes a person eats, the more good luck the person will have in the year.

结构分析：

The more grapes a person eats, the more good luck the person will have in the year.

主干：

“**the + 比较级, the + 比较级**” (强调名词)

参考译文：

一个人吃的葡萄越多，他在一年里就会有越多的好运。

161. The more exposed young people are to financial issues, the more familiar they are with these problems, the more likely they are to become responsible, forward-planning adults who manage their finances confidently and effectively.

结构分析：

The more exposed young people are to financial issues, the more familiar they are with these problems, the more likely they are to become responsible, forward-planning adults *who manage their finances confidently and effectively.*

主干：

“the + 比较级, the + 比较级” (强调形容词)

参考译文：

年轻人接触到的财务问题越多，他们对这些问题就越熟悉，他们就越有可能成为负责任、有前瞻性的成年人，能够自信而有效地管理自己的财务。

162. Though there're many kinds of resources, with the fast increase of population and appearance of many more factories, the more we use, the fewer there will be left for the future.

结构分析：

~~Though there're many kinds of resources, with the fast increase of population and appearance of many more factories,~~ the more we use, the fewer there will be left for the future.

主干：

“the + 比较级, the + 比较级” (强调名词)

参考译文：

虽然有很多种类的资源，随着人口的快速增长和更多工厂的出现，我们使用的越多，留给未来的就越少。

特殊句型小结：

“the +比较级， the+比较级”

- 1.强调名词： the **more** you learn, the **more** you know.
- 2.强调形容词： the **busier** she is, the **happier** she feels.
- 3.强调副词： the **harder** you work, the **more** you get.

163. I have plenty of volunteer experiences and it is from these experiences that I was chosen out of 400 people who wanted to join to serve in this group.

结构分析：

I have plenty of volunteer experiences and ~~it is from these experiences that I was chosen out of 400 people~~ **who wanted to join to serve in this group.**

主干：

(I) (have) (plenty of volunteer experiences) (主+谓+宾)

(I) (was chosen) (主+谓)

参考译文：

我有很多志愿者的经历，正是从这些经历中，我从400名志愿者中脱颖而出，加入了这个团队。

164. Only after scientists are certain that they're disease-free, will the plants be sent to farmers in West Africa or wherever else they are needed.

结构分析：

~~Only after scientists are certain that they're disease-free~~, will the plants be sent to farmers ^{in West Africa} or ~~wherever else they are needed.~~

主干：

(the plants) (will be sent) (主+谓)

参考译文：

只有当科学家确定这些植物是无病的，这些植物才会被送到西非的农民那里，或者其他需要它们的地方。

165. Street musicians can make a lot of money, and so can you if you've got the talent and courage it takes to play in front of an audience.

结构分析：

Street musicians can make a lot of money, and so can you ~~if you've got the talent and courage~~ it takes to play in front of an audience .

主干：

(Street musicians) (can make)(a lot of money) (主+谓+宾)

参考译文：

街头音乐家可以赚很多钱，如果你有才能和勇气在观众面前演奏，你也可以赚很多钱。

166. Before 1066, in the land we now call Great Britain lived people belonging to two major language group.

结构分析：

Before 1066, ~~in the land~~ we now call Great Britain lived people belonging to two major language group.

主干：

(people) (lived)

参考译文：

1066年以前,在我们现在称为英国的土地上,人们属于两个主要的语言集体。